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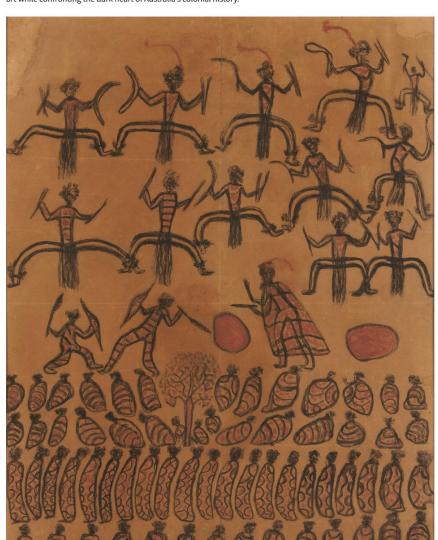


Betty Muffler (Pitjantjatjara, born 1945) and Maringka Burton (Pitjantjatjara, born 1950), Ngangkari Ngura (Healing Country) 2022, synthetic polymer paint on linen, 300 × 500 cm. The University of Melbourne Art Collection.

The Potter Museum of Art, the flagship art museum of the University of Melbourne, has announced the full list of artists and details of the six new commissions for the 65,000 Years: A Short History of Australian Art exhibition.

The exhibition will open at the revitalised Museum during Reconciliation Week on 30 May 2025 and run until 23 November 2025.

65,000 Years: A Short History of Australian Art celebrates the brilliance and beauty of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander art while confronting the dark heart of Australia's colonial history.





William Barak (Wurundjeri, c. 1824–1903), Ceremony c. 1885, earth pigments and charcoal on paper, 104.9 × 84.5 cm.
Royal Historical Society of Victoria, Melbourne.

Curated by Associate Provost and Distinguished Professor Marcia Langton AO, Senior Curator Judith Ryan AM, and Associate Curator Shanysa McConville—in consultation with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander artists and custodians of art traditions—the exhibition explores the recognition of Indigenous art and its rise to prominence globally.

The enduring significance of Indigenous cultural and design traditions, knowledge, and agency is revealed in the spectacular curation of more than 450 works from the first peoples of Australia.

65,000 Years: A Short History of Australian Art includes rarely-seen works of art and cultural objects from the University of Melbourne's collections, alongside 193 important loans from 77 public and private lenders. The exhibition includes work by groundbreaking artists such as William Barak, Lin Onus, Yvonne Koolmatrie, Albert Namatjira, Johnny Warangkula Tjupurrula, Emily Kam Kngwarray, Trevor Nickolls, Destiny Deacon, Yhonnie Scarce, Rover Thomas, Nongirrŋa Marawili, Woŋgu Munungurr, Minimini Numalkiyiya Mamarika, Ricky Maynard and Julie Gough.

Professor Langtonsaid: "The ironic title of this exhibition refers to the belated and reluctant acceptance of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander art into the fine art canon by Australian curators, collectors, art critics and historians in the last quarter of the 20thcentury.

"65,000 Years: A Short History of Australian Art celebrates Indigenous art as it is increasingly recognised in galleries and collections around the world – as the greatest single revolution in Australian art."



Mundukul Marawili (Mad-arrpa clan, Yirritja moiety, c. 1890–1950), Mundukul ga yiwarra (Ancestral snake and fish trap at Baraltja) 1942, earth pigments on Stringybark, 177 × 100 cm. The Donald Thomson Collection, part of the Indigenous Art and Culture Collection, the University of Melbourne. Gift of Mrs Dorita Thomson, 1973

Six new commissions by leading contemporary Indigenous artists will be unveiled. They are:

- Kooma new media artist Brett Leavy's Virtual Narrm 1834 will transport audiences into the lands and waterways of the
 Wurundjeri people as they were in 1834, to foster a deeper appreciation for the environmental stewardship and cultural
 resilience that are hallmarks of Wurundjeri Woi-Wurrung society. The latest in his Virtual Songlines project, this photorealistic animation is created in collaboration with Wurundjeri elders.
- Trawlwoolway artist Julie Gough exposes the prolific Western reproduction and institutional collecting of plaster busts
 of Nununi leaders Wurati and Trukanini, first modelled by artist Benjamin Law in Nipaluna (Hobart) in 1834-1835. Gough
 will display the casts in their Medical History Museum storage crates, accompanied by a new video response to the
 unknowable numbers of these representations of ancestors from Lutruwita distributed across the globe, which by
 extension refers to all ancestors and their cultural markings taken and dispersed globally by colonists.
- Respected Anangu ngangkari (traditional healers) based at Indulkana, South Australia in the APY Lands, Betty Muffler
 and Maringka Burton collaborated to create Ngangkari Ngura (Healing Country). The five-metre-long painting celebrates
 the ngura (country) specific to each artist, referencing the artists' healing powers and how they care for Anangu and the
 sentient land. It focuses on healing the country and Anangu in the aftermath of British atomic testing at Maralinga and
 Emu Field during the 1950s.
- Lorraine Connelly-Northey, well known for her dramatic sculptural works that make use of discarded post-industrial
 materials, has created three freestanding monumental narrbong (bush bags). Connelly-Northey's works resonate with
 cultural and political meaning, and reflect her experience growing up in Swan Hill, Wadi Wadi and Wamba Wamba
 terrain, south of her mother's Waradgerie country, disconnected from mainsprings of culture, language and ceremony
 through colonisation.
- Dhauwurd Wurrung Gunditjmara artistSandra Aitken's large Gnarraban (eel trap) embodies a fish trapping system used
 by her kin for thousands of years. Aitken learned to weave from the renowned weaver, her aunt, Connie Hart, who
 revived the important women's practice of basket weaving that was almost lost due to European colonisation of Victoria
 from the early 1800s.
- The work of Senior Trawlwoolway artist Vicki West from north-east coast Lutruwita is represented by bull kelp water
 carriers and woven river reed and white iris baskets, honouring forms and processes of her ancestors, as well as
 speaking to the survival of traditions. West was introduced to customary processes of weaving and of working with
 kalikina (bull kelp) at a cultural workshop in the early 1990s and has since become the premier Australian practitioner of
 kelp, a precious cultural resource.





Emily Kam Kngwarray (Anmatyerr, c. 1914–1996), Wild Yam 5, 1995, synthetic polymer paint on linen 200 × 150 cm. Hassall Collection, Gadigal Nura, Sydney.

Professor Emma Johnston AO, Vice-Chancellor at the University of Melbourne, said: "As this exhibition, 65,000 Years: A Short History of Australian Art will show, since the nineteenth century the University has amassed an extraordinary collection of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander art.

"While many of the artworks shine with the cultural richness of the first peoples, there are also works that engage us in truth-telling and profoundly challenge the legacy of the University's collections and academic practices.

"Alongside Vol 1 of *Dhoombak Goobgoowana*: A *History of Indigenous Australia*, this exhibition is an important exercise in truth-telling for the University, including histories of scientific racism, and the collecting of ancestral remains. It will provide a vital platform for Indigenous storytelling and encourage dialogue about the importance of Indigenous culture, history and art for the nation as well as the University community."

Curators Judith Ryan and Shanysa McConville said: "This exhibition bears testament to 65,000 years of knowledge. It encompasses an extraordinary range of artists and works of art that serve as a conceptual map, illustrating our contested shared history and introducing us to some of the Indigenous architects of change. By revealing key moments and turning points in the history of Indigenous art in Australia, we explore diverse art traditions across communities and regions, art forms that emerged post-colonisation, and artistic resistance and innovation."

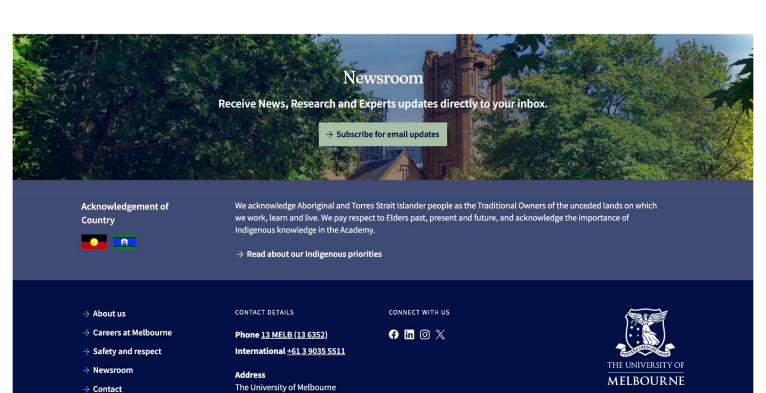
Director of the Potter Museum of Art Charlotte Day said "The Potter is uniquely positioned to realise such an exhibition at an important time in Australia's history. Since 1853, the University has collected works of art, cultural objects and records that form a profoundly important archive, and for the first time these Indigenous collections will be exhibited together and interpreted by authoritative Indigenous scholars and other leading experts."

The Museum has undergone extensive redevelopment by Wood Marsh Architects and features an impressive new entrance on the University's campus, along with new and improved spaces for the Museum's leading collection-based learning programs made possible by the generous support of The Ian Potter Foundation and Lady Primrose Potter AC.

Chairman of the Potter Museum Of Art Mr Peter Jopling AM KC said: "The Potter Museum of Art was established in 1972 at the University of Melbourne, and for over 50 years it has played an important role in the cultural life of Melbourne, exhibiting contemporary art alongside the University's collections. We are delighted to welcome visitors back into our revitalised museum and to chart a new, bold and thought provoking environment for visitors to interact with and enjoy and explore art."

The exhibition is made possible by the generosity of Principal Supporters Peter McMullin AM and Ruth McMullin, Leadership Supporters Peter Jopling AM KC, the Erica Foundation, Creative Australia and Creative Victoria, Foundational Supporters Andy and Rainie Zhang and the Naomi Milgrom Foundation, and Supporters Judith and Leon Gorr, Rebecca Hossack, John and Susan Wardle, Irene Lawson and Brendan Kissane KC. The Gordon Darling Foundation is Publication Partner.

For more details on the exhibition, publication and education program visit Potter Museum of Art $\underline{\text{here.}}$



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